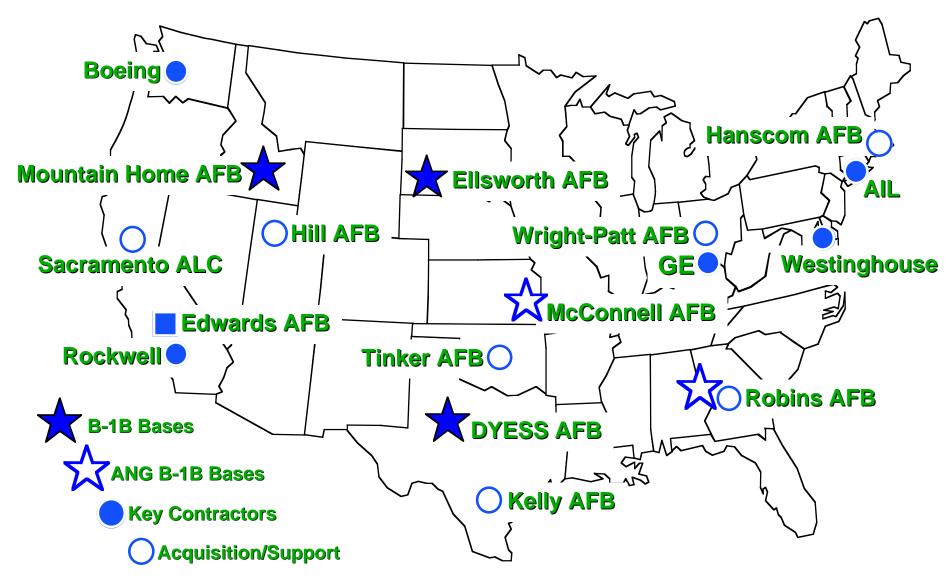
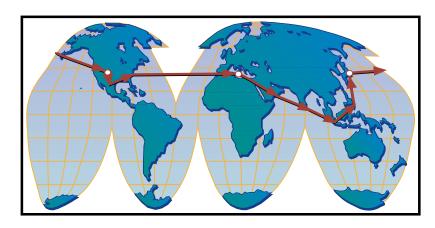
B-1B Team



B-1B Combat Ready

Around-the-world record - June 3, 1995





- Two DYESS AFB B-1Bs
- 36 hour, 13 minute Global Power Mission
- Successful practice bombing missions (3 continents)
 - Italy
 - Western Pacific
 - Utah Test Range
- Total world records for B-1B currently at 61
- Global Power Mission also resulted in
 - National Aeronautics Association 1995 top 10 aviation accomplishments
 - Air Force MacKay trophy

"It's global teamwork at its best"
Lt. Col. Douglas Raaberg, Mission Commander

B-1B Combat Ready

Global Reach Missions

Red Flag

CALFEX

Dynamic Guard

• FLEETEX

Coronet Bat

Coalition Flag

Pecos Thunder

Gunsmoke '95

Global Archer

• Bright Star '95

Maple Flag

July '95 ORI

Joint command exercise at Nellis AFB range

Live fire exercise with Army ground troops

31-hr mission: 8000 nm (CONUS - Egypt - CONUS)

Joint Navy exercise with aircraft carrier – USS America

Around the world (36 hour mission)

First B-1B coalition exercise at Nellis AFB

Fighters/bombers air defense exercise

B-1Bs capture four of seven places in the bombing

competition, including No. 1 & No. 2

Nuclear deterrence

U.S. and Egyptian joint exercise 95% MC rate

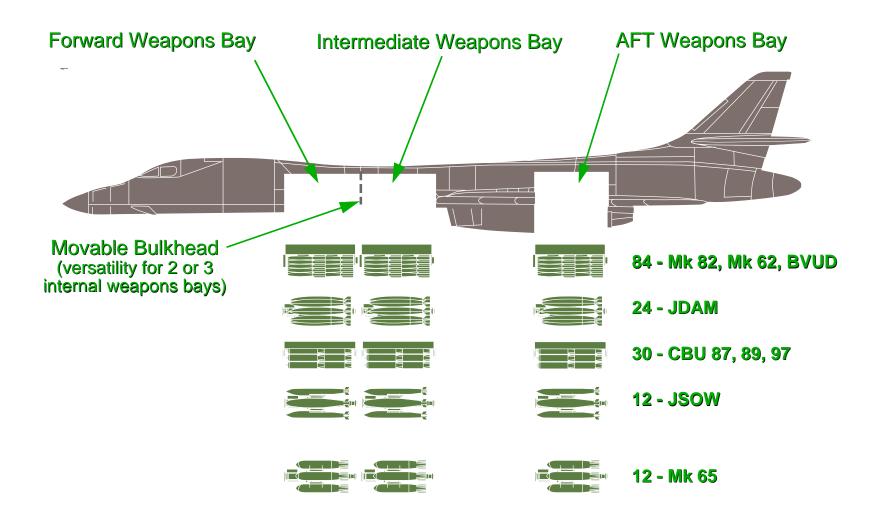
Joint exercise with Canadian forces

Operational readiness inspection

(34th Bomb Squadron) - Excellent rating

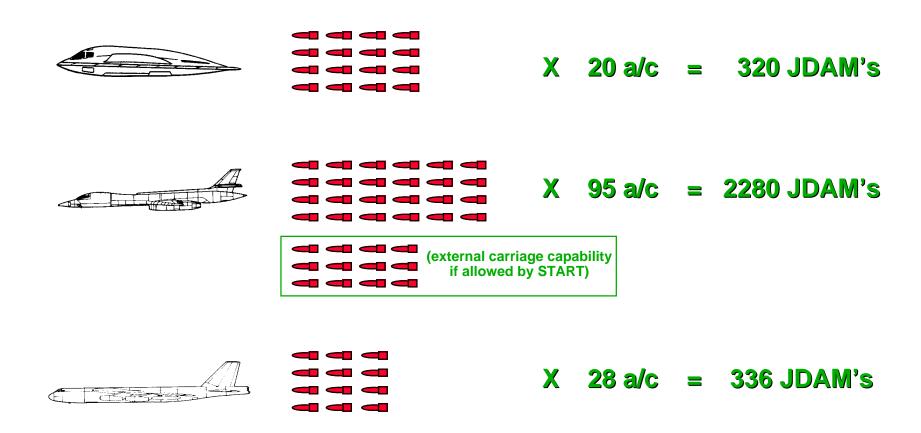
Demonstrated Force Projection

Flexible Conventional Payload



B-1B will carry all new "smart" weapons with the largest conventional weapons payload of any U.S. combat aircraft

Bomber Payloads



B-1B fleet represents 78% of USAF Bomber JDAM payload capability.

Why B-1B CMUP?

Nuclear > Conventional

- Independent, preplanned mission
- Minimal communications
- Low altitude
- Gravity/nuclear weapons
- Highly defended
- Mass destruction

- Flexible missions, force packaging
- Interoperability
- Low/high altitude
- Accurate precision weapons
- Low/medium/high defenses
- Military targets
- Sustained combat operations

B-1B Transitions to Conventional Role

Benefits of B-1B CMUP

- Improved Near Term Lethality
 - CBU 87 (Gator), 89 (CEM), and 97 (SFW)
 - Improved lethality vs. troops, vehicles and armor
- GPS, Computer Upgrade, and Mil-Std-1760
 - Allow aircraft to pass required data to new "smart" weapons
- Jam-Resistant Radio
 - Allow aircraft to communicate with fighters, AWACS and Joint STARS in hostile environment
- Joint Direct Attack Munition (JDAM) 1
 - Improved lethality vs. hard targets 24 on single pass
- Wind Compensated Munitions Dispenser (WCMD)
 - Enables high altitude CBU capability
- Defensive System Upgrades (DSUP)
 - Improve aircraft survivability in medium/high threat areas
- Joint Stand-Off Weapon (JSOW)
 - Medium range standoff vs. troops, vehicles and armor in medium /high threat areas
- Joint Air-to-Surface Standoff Missile (JASSM)
 - Extends standoff capability in high threat areas
- Mk 62/65 Naval Mines

Marriage of modern high lethality "smart" weapons with existing high-performance large-payload aircraft design

Long-Range Strike Summary

- B-1B is combat ready
- B-1B capabilities key to long range strike
- CMUP is on schedule and within budget

B-1B is the backbone of the bomber fleet

Why B-1B

Dr. Perry:

"...B-1B bombers provide the United States the capability to deliver large conventional payloads over global distances while operating from CONUS bases or forward deployed locations. That capability provides commanders a timely military response that could stop or slow the advance of enemy ground forces in the first days of a conflict. The B-1B will further enhance it's effectiveness in striking advancing ground forces and fixed targets by employing large numbers of individually targeted and guided advanced weapons. Planned survivability upgrades will allow the B-1B to successfully attack all but the most heavily defended target areas. Standoff weapons could be employed from the B-1B to attack those target areas."

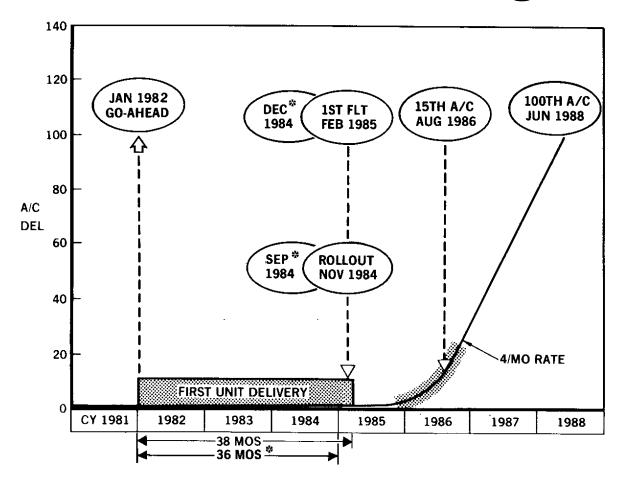
B-1B is the backbone of the bomber fleet

B-1B Image

- Groundings* "B-1 fleet grounded again!"
 - B-52 (57 times)
 - F-15 (29 times)
 - B-1 (8 times)*In first eight years of operation
- Accidents* "Another B-1 crashes!"
 - **B-47 (83 crashes)**
 - **B-52 (18 crashes)**
 - B-1 (3 crashes)

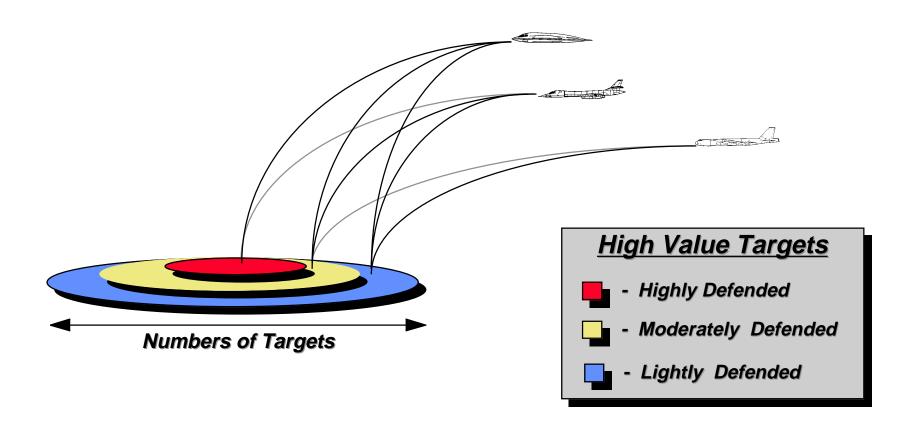
*In first four years

B-1B Production Program



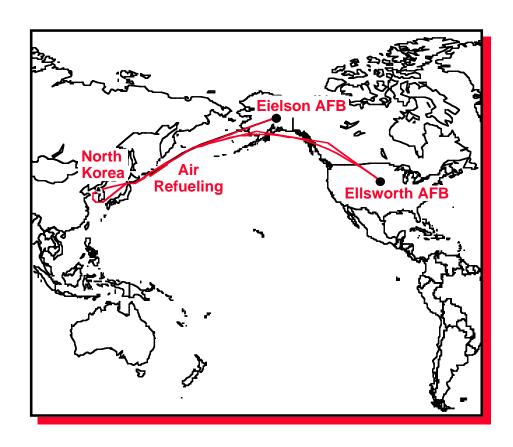
Last aircraft delivered April 1988 (2 months ahead of schedule)
Within cost cap of \$20.5B

Bomber Roadmap



Bombers with modern precision and standoff weapons will be used synergystically vs. high value targets

Why Bombers?



- New Conventional "Hotspots"
- Fastest response ...
 in hours vs. high value
 targets
- Large payload in first critical days
- Long range allows initial CONUS basing
- Swing to second nearsimultaneous conflict
- Full range of response options ... show of force to covert attack

Bombers employ while others deploy